

STEREO MOC Status Report
Time Period: 2015:026 - 2015:032

STEREO Ahead (STA) Status:

1. The following Ground System anomalies/events occurred during this reporting period:

- On day 026, the DSS-74 support no telemetry was received for the duration of the support. This was a short, low elevation track with ESA New Norcia, for which the second side lobe operations had not been tested. This anomaly resulted in the loss of 1.3 hours of commanding, tracking, and real-time data.
- On day 027, the DSS-84 support, turbo decoder lock was lost intermittently between 115z through 1615z. This anomaly resulted in the loss of several minutes of real-time data.
- On day 030, during the DSS-45 support, turbo decoder lock was lost intermittently between 0618z through 0626z due to heavy rain at the Canberra complex. This anomaly resulted in the loss of 38 frames of real-time data. See DR# C110921 for more information.

2. The following spacecraft/instrument events occurred during this week. Note that the Ahead observatory is operating on the second side lobe of the HGA to prevent overheating of the HGA feed assembly which is currently at 108 degrees C with the HGA angle at 9.4 degrees, with respect to the spacecraft-Sun line.

- On day 027, Fault Protection release 2.3.17 and MOps macro release 1.1.27 were loaded to C&DH EEPROM and verified. These releases will apply a patch to the G&C application to prevent bad IMU data flagged by the IMU as good from being used by the G&C application after each system reset. Also they will configure to use the HGA and the LGA antennas each for 24 hours after a system reset in preparation for solar conjunction.
- On day 027, PLASTIC tested the entrance system at 2040z and again on 030-2215z to determine the cause of an increasing power supply current indication.

- The average daily science data return for Ahead, while operating on the second side lobe on the HGA, was 20 Mbits during this week.

STEREO Behind (STB) Status:

1. The following Ground System anomalies/events occurred during this reporting period:

- None.

2. Detailed status of the activities that occurred on the Behind loss of communication anomaly, which occurred on day 2014-274, are listed below.

- On day 022, the Behind observatory entered superior solar conjunction at the 2 degree SPE angle. Recovery efforts will resume post solar conjunction on day 082 with increasing the ground transmit power through arraying uplink stations and implementing the Failure Review Board recommendations.

Significant findings to date:

1. Analysis of the three DSN extracted telemetry frames from the carrier signal just before the planned observatory reset/anomaly occurred on day 2014-274, October 1st, showed nominal performance of the spacecraft, i.e., no anomalies, IMU off, and the star tracker providing an attitude solution.
2. Post reset, from the very limited telemetry, three packets, extracted from the carrier signal by the DSN, the X-axis gyro on IMU-A had failed. Unfortunately, this telemetry contained only G&C anomaly data and no spacecraft summary data, i.e., the state of the RF, G&C, fault protection and other subsystems is not known at the time of the anomaly. With a failed IMU and the star tracker being off-line for an undetermined duration, the sun sensors will keep the observatory pointed at the Sun, though the G&C will not have any roll knowledge, and cannot roll the observatory as part of the safing configuration to re-establish communications on the LGAs. From analysis of this telemetry and initial G&C simulations, it is highly suspected that the observatory is rotating about the

principal axis of inertia due to an autonomous momentum dump initiated by bad gyro data flagged good, but this has not yet been confirmed.

3. At least two anomalies occurred post reset, the star tracker not promoting to AAD mode and the X-axis gyro failure. Unfortunately, due to the number of possible combinations, the STEREO fault protection system is not designed for simultaneous failures.

The cause and effect analysis of the loss of communications from the LGAs is continuing. G&C simulations using the bad gyro data flagged good are continuing to better understand the potential impact to the observatory state. Recovery from a negative power state is also being investigated. While the recovery and analysis efforts continue on Behind, as the Ahead observatory will enter superior solar conjunction in March, the primary focus of the engineering team is on developing operational configuration changes to add robustness to the G&C rate sensor usage to ensure the Ahead observatory's continued safety.

Once communications are restored and the anomaly resolved, the operational plan for exiting the solar conjunction testing will continue to return the Behind observatory back to nominal science data collection as soon as safely possible.